MARGIN RESERVED FOR BINDING WRITE PLAINLY, WITH UNFADING INK—THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD	be carefully supplied. DAGE should be stated EXACTLY, PHYSICIANS should state that it may be proporty classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.		age Matthews My Primary Registrat	4660
			PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
		8E	reste White (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH Month) (Day), 1912 (Year)
		.;	TE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) (Year)	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from July 1912, to July 20, 1912, that I last saw has alive on 1912
		. AG	E If LESS that I day,hrs ormin.?	
		(a) par (b) bus	CUPATION Frade, profession, or Chicago cicular kind of work General nature of industry, ness, or establishment in the employed (or employer)	Les Colitis
		(City	THPLACE or town, matthewe mo	99 A (Duration) yes mos 9 ds. Contributory Coule Mensus its.
			NAME OF Hugh Hoover	(SECONDARY)
	bould rme, so	ENT8	BIRTHPLAGE OF FATHER (City or Lown, State or foreign country)	(Bigned) J. O. Minchester M. D. July 20, 1912 (Address) Watthwas My
	information f'H in plain ter	PARENT	MAIDEN NAME Codna Lynn	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Scricidal, or Homicidal.
			BIRTHPLAGE Marion Sky, (City or town, State or foreign country)	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of death
	OF DEAT	THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		Where was disease contracted If not at place of death? Former or usual residence
	N. B.—Bvery I	E11-	(ADDRESS) // althur UN/	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL LINESton Center 7/21 1812 UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
<u>.</u>	ż	File	REGISTRAR	J. B. allbrittey Sikestory

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation,-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease Causing Death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Crolo")? Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgi al operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, Or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

